

±86V 总线故障保护、3V 至 5.5V RS-485 收发器

UM3783S8 SOP8
UM3783M8 MSOP8
UM3783DF8 DFN8 3.0×3.0

1 描述

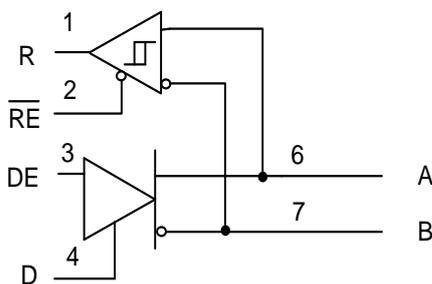
UM3783 是一款具有 ±86V 总线故障保护、半双工、RS-485 收发器，由 3V 至 5.5V 的单电源供电。在所有运行模式下均可保护总线接口引脚不受过压条件破坏，可确保在恶劣的工业环境中实现稳定可靠的通信。

在更长的电缆敷设长度和/或存在大接地环路电压的情况下，扩展 ±25V 输入共模范围可保证数据通信稳定可靠。增强型 250mV 接收器迟滞可确保实现高噪声抑制。此外，当输入同时开路或短路时，接收器失效防护功能可保证处于逻辑高电平。

UM3783 系列采用 SOP8、MSOP8 和 DFN8 3.0×3.0 封装，适用于空间受限的应用。该器件的工作环境温度范围为 -40°C 至 125°C。

2 应用

- 电机驱动
- 工厂自动化和控制
- HVAC 系统
- 楼宇自动化
- 电网基础设施
- 电表
- 过程分析
- 视频监控



UM3783 简化版原理图

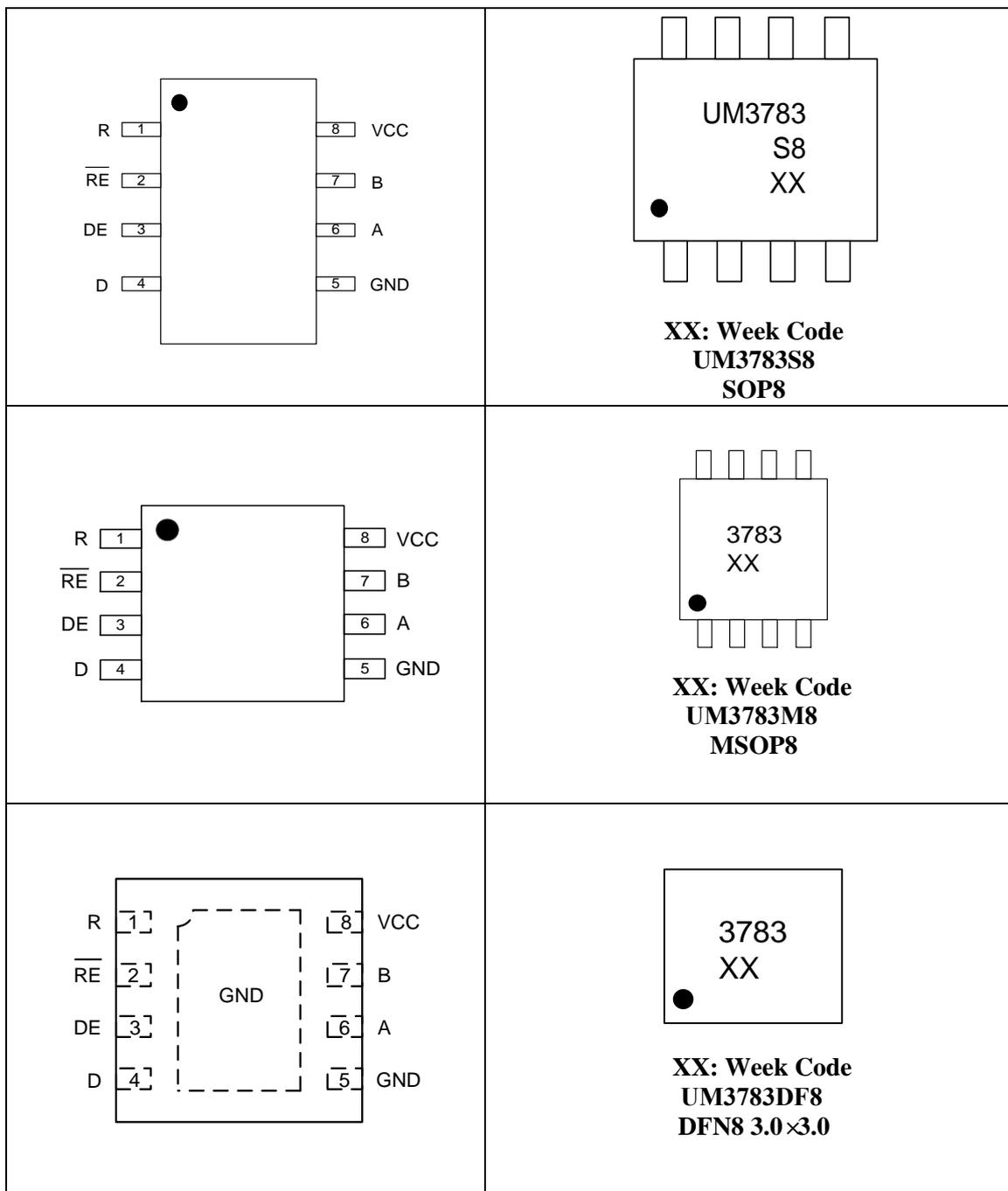
3 特性

- 符合或超过 TIA/EIA-485A 标准的要求
- 3V 至 5.5V 电源电压
- 差分输出超过 2.1V，在 5V 电源下与 PROFIBUS 兼容
- 总线 I/O 保护
 - ±86V 直流总线故障保护
 - ±18kV 人体放电模型
 - ±9kV IEC 61000-4-2 接触放电
- 闩锁 (Latch-up) 性能超过 800mA，符合 JESD 78 规范
- 速率为 500 kbps 的半双工设备
- 工作环境温度范围：-40°C to 125°C
- 拓展级运行共模范围：±25 V
- 开路、短路和空闲总线失效防护
- 热关断
- 1/8 单位负载 (多达 256 个总线节点)
- 小型 SOP8、MSOP8 和 DFN8 3.0×3.0 封装

4 Ordering Information

Part Number	Mark Code	Package Type	Shipping Qty
UM3783S8	UM3783S8	SOP8	3000pcs/13Inch Tape & Reel
UM3783M8	3783	MSOP8	4000pcs/13Inch Tape & Reel
UM3783DF8	3783	DFN8 3.0×3.0	3000pcs/13Inch Tape & Reel

5 Pin Configuration and Function



5 Pin Configuration and Function (continued)

Table 5-1. Pin Functions

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	R	Receive data output
2	\overline{RE}	Receiver enable, active low; integrated pull-up
3	DE	Driver enable, active high; integrated pull-down
4	D	Driver data input; integrated pull-up
5	GND	Local device ground
6	A	Driver output or receiver input (complementary to B)
7	B	Driver output or receiver input (complementary to A)
8	VCC	Supply voltage

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		-0.5		6.5	V
V _I	Voltage on A, B pins		-86		86	V
	Voltage on any logic pins (D, DE, \overline{RE})		-0.3		5.7	V
V _{ESD}	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001	Bus terminals and GND		±18		kV
		All pins except bus terminals and GND		±8		kV
	Contact discharge, per IEC 61000-4-2	Bus terminals and GND		±9		kV
I _O	RXD output current		-24		24	mA
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65		150	°C
T _L	Lead Temperature for Soldering 10 Seconds				260	°C

Note 1: Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute maximum ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If briefly operating outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not sustain damage, but it may not be fully functional. Operating the device in this manner may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

6.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage		3		5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common mode)	Note 1	-25		25	V
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage		-25		25	V
I _O	Output current, driver		-60		60	mA
I _{OR}	Output current, receiver		-8		8	mA
R _L	Differential load resistance		54	60		Ω
1/ t _{UI}	Signaling rate				500	kbps
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40		125	°C
T _J	Junction temperature		-40		150	°C

Note 1: The algebraic convention, in which the least positive (most negative) limit is designated as minimum is used in this data sheet.

6.3 Electrical Characteristics (Static)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted). All typical values are at 25°C and supply voltage of $V_{CC}=5\text{ V}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply						
I_{CC}	Supply current	$\overline{RE} = 0\text{ V}$, $DE = V_{CC}$, No load (Driver and receiver enabled)		3.0	5.6	mA
		$\overline{RE} = V_{CC}$, $DE = V_{CC}$, No load (Driver enabled, receiver disabled)		3.0	5.6	mA
		$\overline{RE} = 0\text{ V}$, $DE = 0\text{ V}$, No load (Driver disabled, receiver enabled)		1.5	2.4	mA
		$\overline{RE} = V_{CC}$, $DE = 0\text{ V}$, D = open, No load (Driver and receiver disabled)		0.5	2	μA
Driver						
$ V_{OD} $	Driver differential output voltage magnitude	$R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $-25\text{ V} \leq V_{TEST} \leq 25\text{ V}$, See Figure 7-1	1.5	3		V
		$R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $-25\text{ V} \leq V_{TEST} \leq 25\text{V}$, $4.5\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, See Figure 7-1	2.1	3		V
		$R_L = 100\ \Omega$, See Figure 7-2	2	3.8		V
		$R_L = 54\ \Omega$, See Figure 7-2	1.5	3		V
$\Delta V_{OD} $	Change in magnitude of driver differential output voltage	$R_L = 54\ \Omega$ or $100\ \Omega$ See Figure 7-2	-150		150	mV
V_{OC}	Common-mode output voltage	$R_L = 54\ \Omega$ or $100\ \Omega$ See Figure 7-2	1	$V_{CC}/2$	3	V
$\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$	Steady-state common-mode output voltage	$R_L = 54\ \Omega$ or $100\ \Omega$ See Figure 7-2	-100		100	mV
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current	$DE = V_{CC}$, $-70\text{V} \leq (V_A \text{ or } V_B) \leq 70\text{V}$	-250		250	mA

6.3 Electrical Characteristics (Static)---continued (Note 1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted). All typical values are at 25°C and supply voltage of $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Receiver						
I_I	Bus input current	DE = 0V, $V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$ or 5.5V, $V_I = 12\text{V}$		50	125	μA
		DE = 0V, $V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$ or 5.5V, $V_I = 25\text{V}$		125	250	
		DE = 0V, $V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$ or 5.5V, $V_I = -7\text{V}$	-100	-50		
		DE = 0V, $V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$ or 5.5V, $V_I = -25\text{V}$	-250	-140		
V_{TH+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage	Over common-mode range of $\pm 25\text{ V}$	40	125	200	mV
V_{TH-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage		-200	-125	-40	
V_{HYS}	Input hysteresis			250		
V_{TH_FSH}	Input fail-safe threshold		-40		40	
$C_{A,B}$	Input differential capacitance	Measured between A and B, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		50		pF
V_{OH}	Output high voltage	$I_{OH} = -8\text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} - 0.4$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage	$I_{OL} = 8\text{ mA}$		0.2	0.4	V
I_{OZ}	Output high-impedance current	$V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CC} , $\overline{RE} = V_{CC}$	-1		1	μA
Logic						
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	DE, DI, \overline{RE}	2			V
V_{IL}	Input low Voltage	DE, DI, \overline{RE}			0.8	V
I_I	Input current on DE pin	$3\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}\text{ V}$			5	μA
	Input current on D, \overline{RE} pin	$3\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}\text{ V}$	-5			μA
Thermal Protection						
T_{SD}	Thermal shutdown threshold	Temperature rising	150	170		°C
T_{HYS}	Thermal shutdown hysteresis			10		°C

6.4 Electrical Characteristics (Dynamic) (Note 1)

over recommended operating conditions. All typical values are at 25°C and supply voltage of $V_{CC}=5V$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Driver						
t_R, t_F	Driver differential output rise/fall time	$R_L = 54 \Omega, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 7-3	240	420	600	ns
t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}	Driver propagation delay time			275	350	ns
$t_{SK(P)}$	Driver differential output pulse skew, $ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $				10	ns
t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ}	Disable time	See Figure 7-4 and Figure 7-5		80	200	ns
t_{PZH}, t_{PZL}	Enable time	$\overline{RE} = 0 \text{ V}$, See Figure 7-4 and Figure 7-5		200	270	ns
		$\overline{RE} = V_{CC}$, See Figure 7-4 and Figure 7-5		2	4	μs
t_{SD}	Time to shutdown	$\overline{RE} = V_{CC}$, See Figure 7-4 and Figure 7-5	50		500	ns
Receiver						
t_R, t_F	Receiver output rise/fall time	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 7-6		13	20	ns
t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}	Receiver propagation delay time			50	80	ns
$t_{SK(P)}$	Receiver output pulse skew, $ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $				7	ns
t_{PHZ}, t_{PLZ}	Receiver disable time			30	40	ns
$t_{PZL(1)}, t_{PZH(1)}$	Receiver enable time	$DE = V_{CC}$, see Figure 7-7		40	120	ns
$t_{PZL(2)}, t_{PZH(2)}$		$DE = 0 \text{ V}$, see Figure 7-8		2	4	μs
$t_{D(OFS)}$	Delay to enter fail-safe operation	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 7-9		13	18	μs
$t_{D(FSO)}$	Delay to exit fail-safe operation			35	60	ns
t_{SD}	Time to shutdown	$DE = 0 \text{ V}$, see Figure 7-8	50		500	ns

7 Parameter Measurement Information

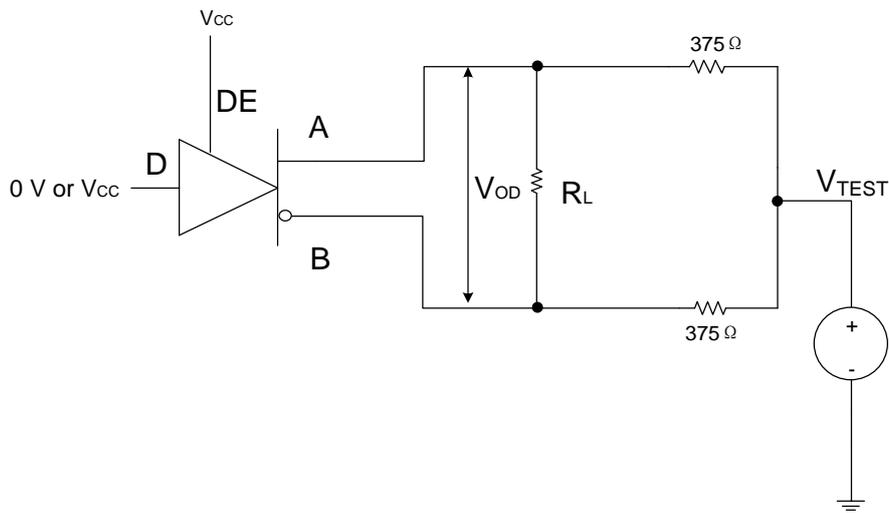


Figure 7-1. Measurement of Driver Differential Output Voltage With Common-Mode Load

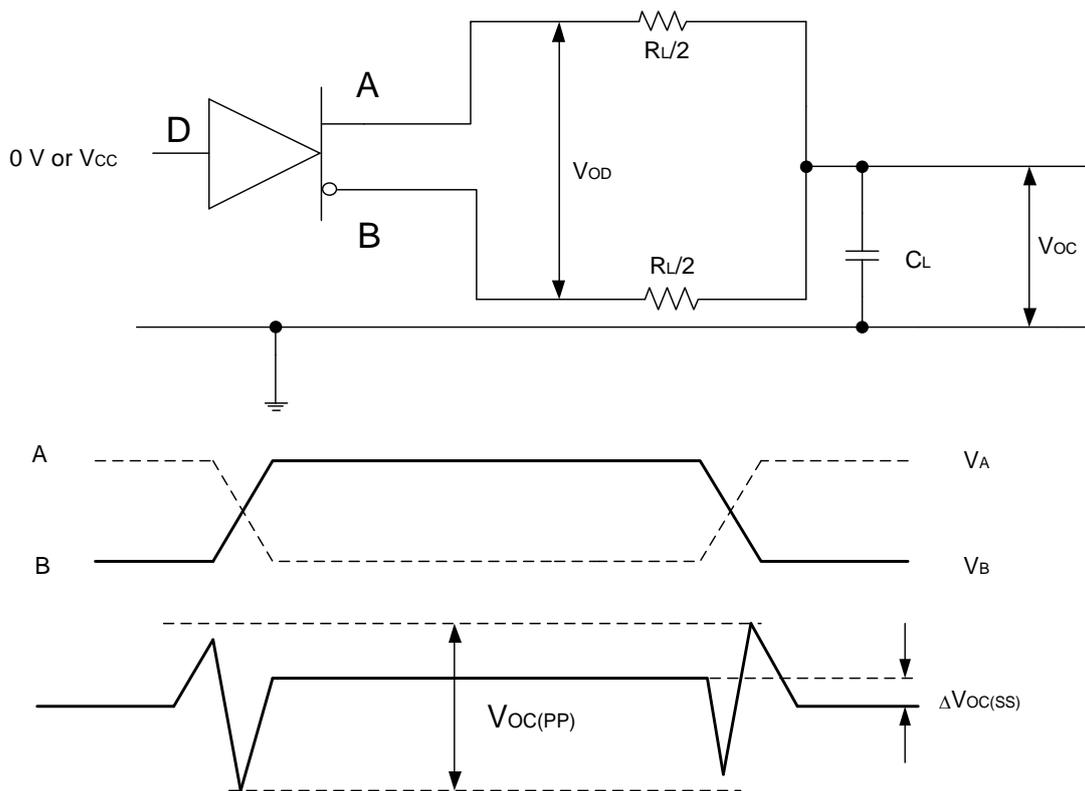


Figure 7-2. Measurement of Driver Differential and Common-Mode Output With RS-485 Load

7 Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

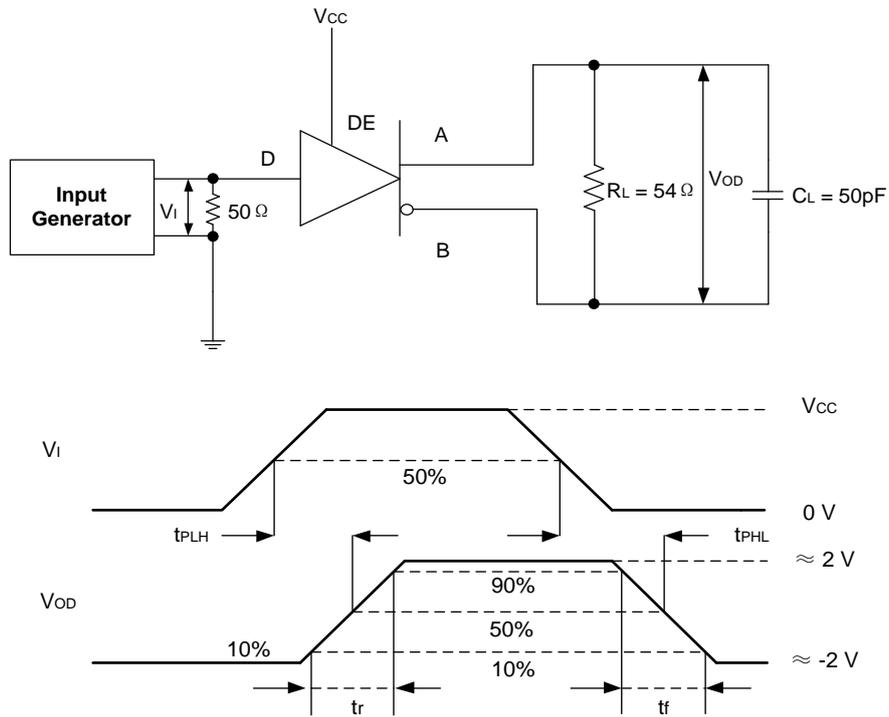


Figure 7-3. Measurement of Driver Differential Output Rise and Fall Times and Propagation Delays

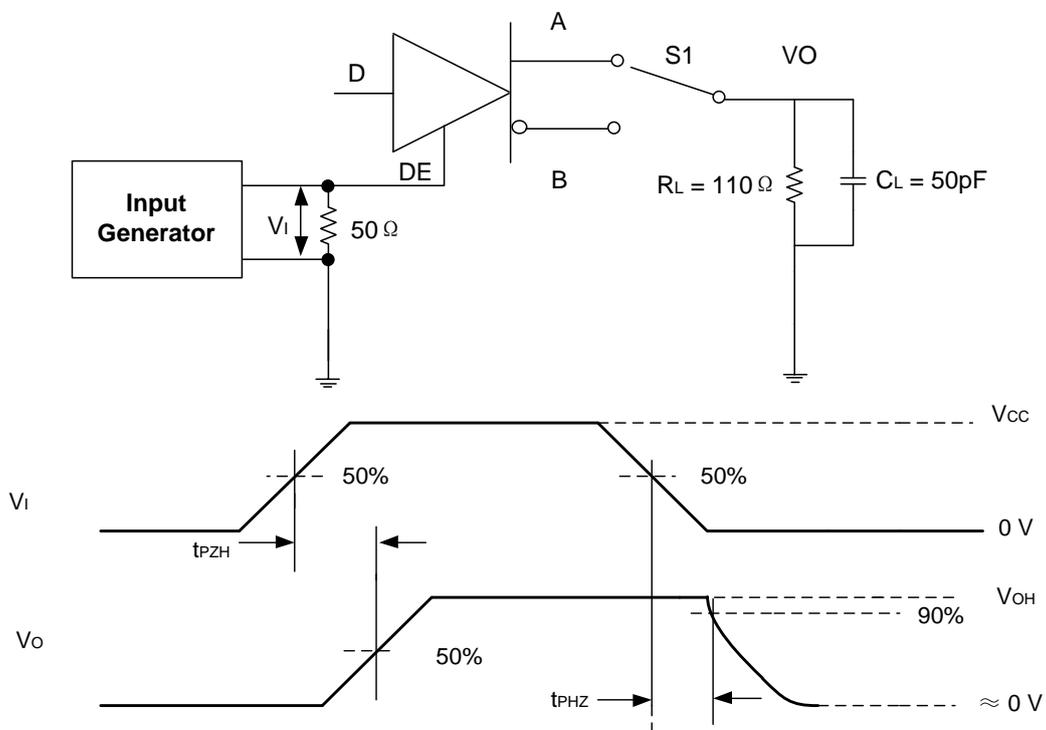


Figure 7-4. Measurement of Driver Enable and Disable Times With Active High Output and Pull-Down Load

7 Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

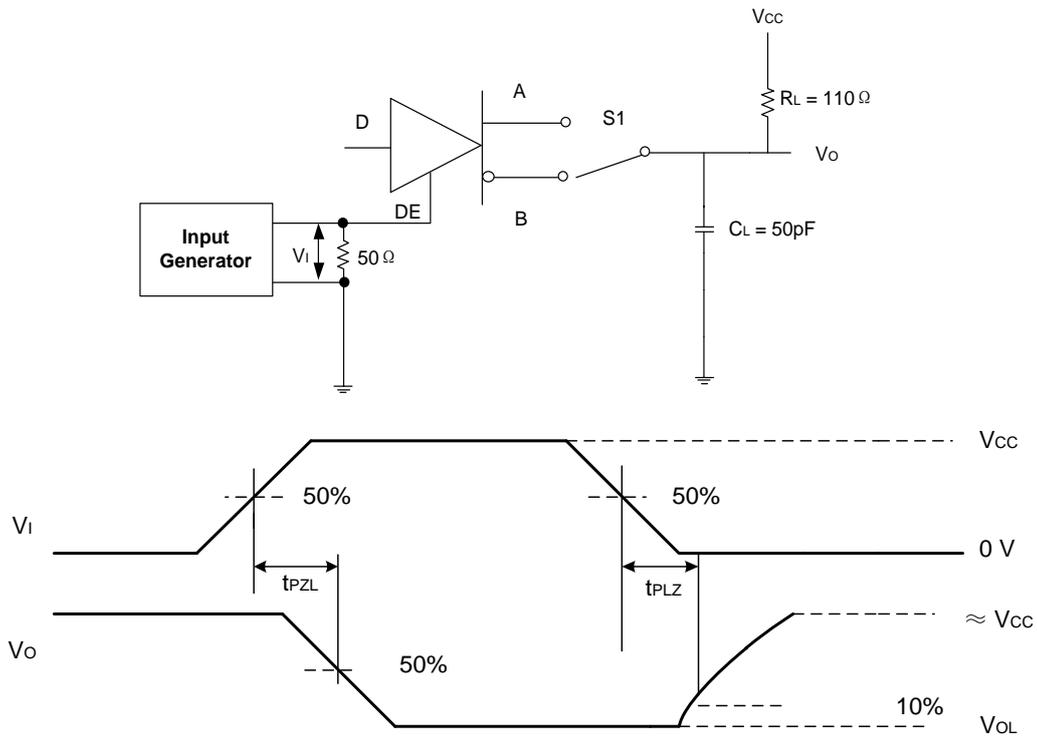


Figure 7-5. Measurement of Driver Enable and Disable Times With Active Low Output and Pull-up Load

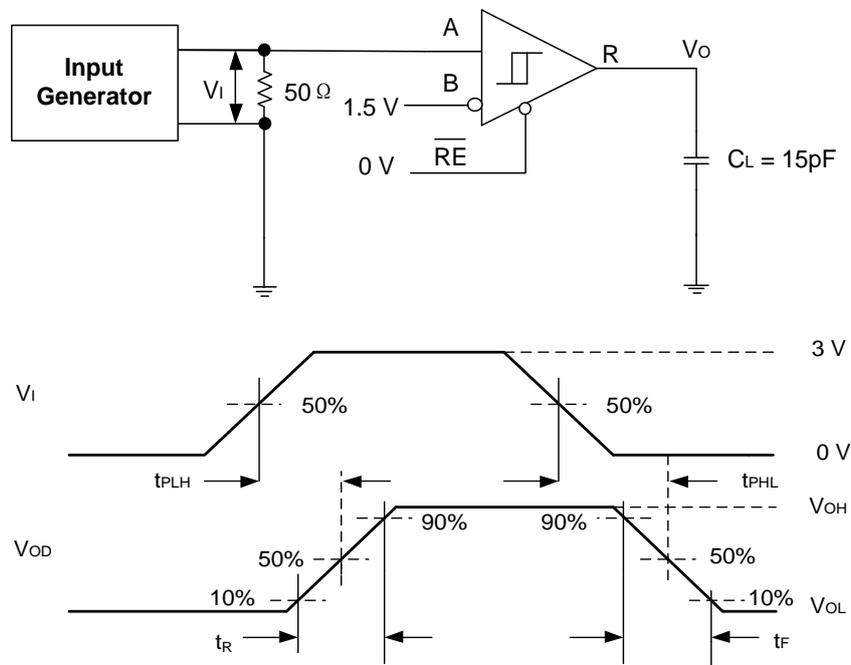


Figure 7-6. Measurement of Receiver Output Rise and Fall Times and Propagation Delays

7 Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

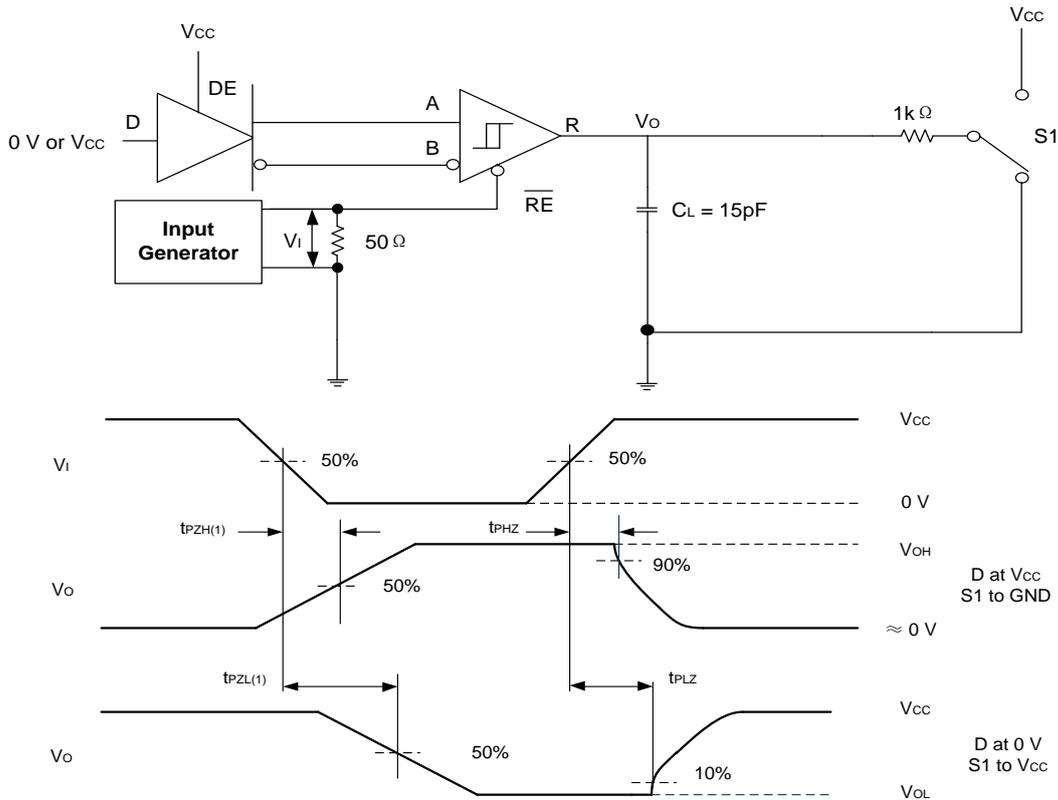


Figure 7-7. Measurement of Receiver Enable/Disable Times With Driver Enabled

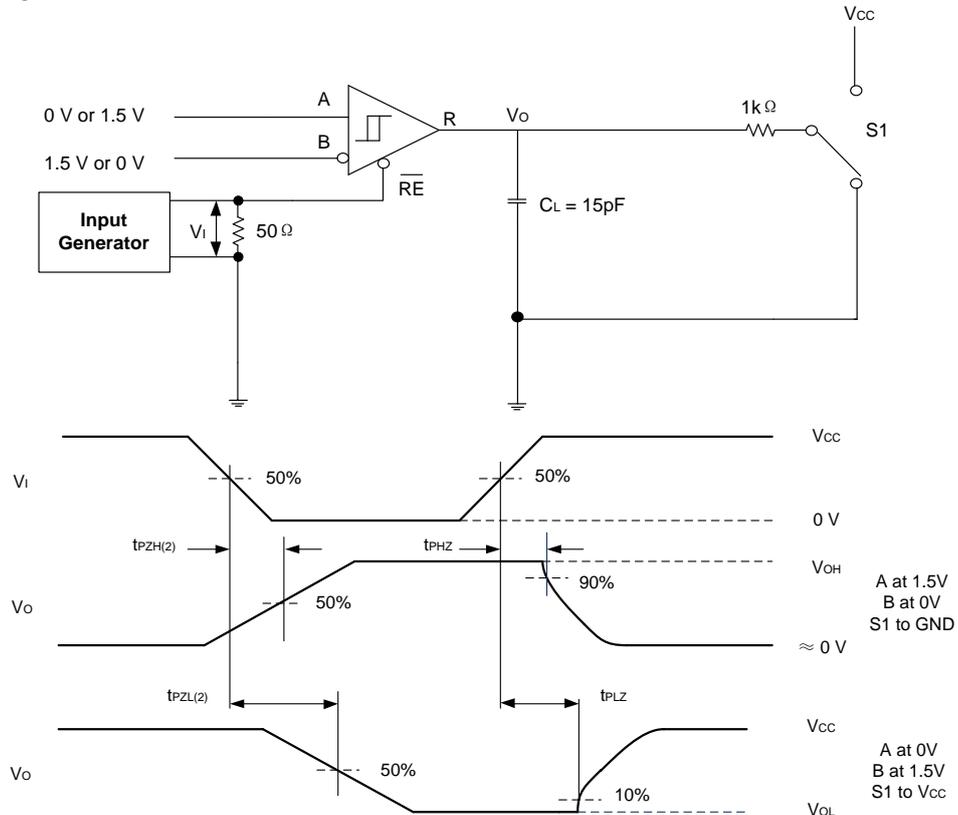


Figure 7-8. Measurement of Receiver Enable Times With Driver Disabled

7 Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

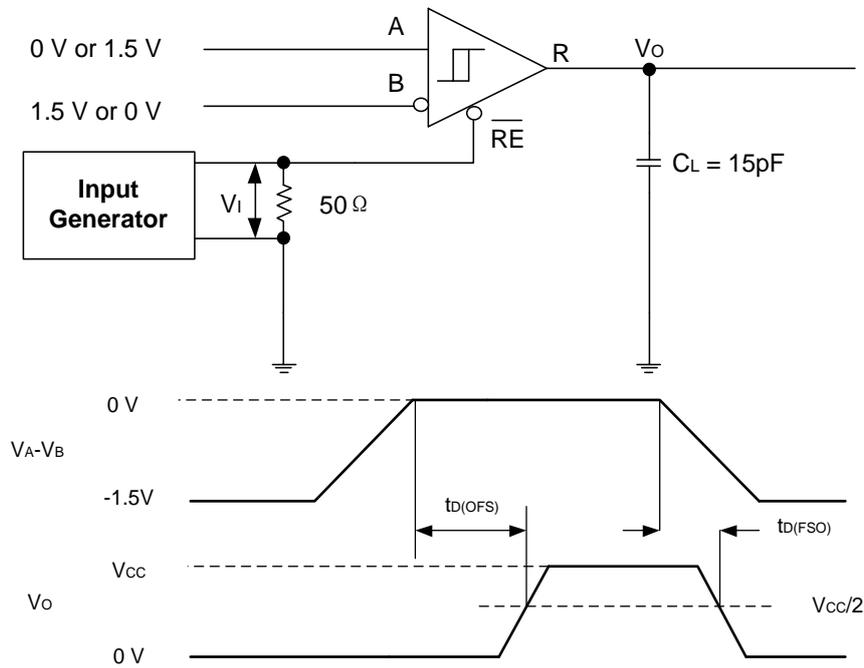


Figure 7-9. Measurement of Fail-Safe Delay

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The UM3783 is fault-protected, half duplex RS-485 transceivers available in speed grade suitable for data transmission up to 500 kbps. The device has active-high driver enables and active-low receiver enables. A shutdown current of less than 1 μ A can be achieved by disabling both driver and receiver.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram

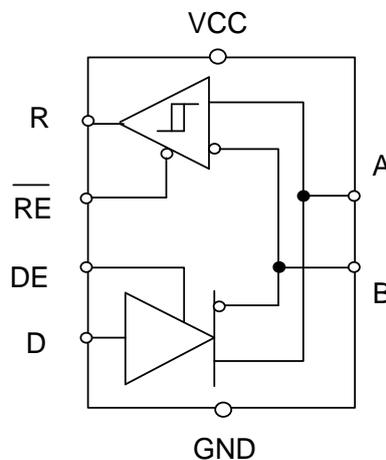


Figure 8-1. UM3783 Block Diagram

9 Feature Description

9.1 $\pm 86\text{V}$ Fault Protection

The UM3783 has extended bus fault protection compared to standard RS-485 devices. Transceivers that operate in rugged industrial environments are often exposed to voltage transients greater than the -7 V to $+12\text{ V}$ defined by the TIA/EIA-485A standard. To protect against such conditions, the generic RS-485 devices with lower absolute maximum ratings requires expensive external protection components. To simplify system design and reduce overall system cost, the UM3783 is protected up to $\pm 86\text{V}$ without the need for any external components.

9.2 Driver Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protection

The UM3783's drivers are protected against any DC supply shorts in the range of -70V to $+70\text{V}$. The device internally limits the short circuit current to $\pm 250\text{ mA}$ in order to comply with the TIA/EIA-485A standard. In addition, a fold-back current limiting circuit further reduces the driver short circuit current to less than $\pm 25\text{ mA}$ if the output fault voltage exceeds $|\pm 25\text{ V}|$.

The device features thermal shutdown protection that disables the driver and the receiver if the junction temperature exceeds the T_{SHDN} threshold due to excessive power dissipation.

9.3 Receiver Fail-Safe Operation

The receivers are fail-safe to invalid bus states caused by the following:

- Open bus conditions, such as a disconnected connector
- Shorted bus conditions, such as cable damage shorting the twisted-pair together
- Idle bus conditions that occur when no driver on the bus is actively driving

In any of these cases, the receiver outputs a fail-safe logic high state if the input amplitude stays for longer than $t_{\text{D(OFs)}}$ at less than $|V_{\text{TH_FSH}}|$.

9.4 Low-Power Shutdown Mode

Driving DE low and $\overline{\text{RE}}$ high for longer than 500 ns puts the devices into the shutdown mode. If either DE goes high or $\overline{\text{RE}}$ goes low, the counters reset. The device does not enter the shutdown mode if the enable pins are in disable state for less than 50 ns . This feature prevents the devices from accidentally going into shutdown mode due to skew between DE and $\overline{\text{RE}}$.

9.5 Device Functional Modes

When the driver enable pin, DE, is logic high, the differential outputs A and B follow the logic states at data input D. A logic high at D causes A to turn high and B to turn low. In this case, the differential output voltage defined as $V_{\text{OD}} = V_{\text{A}} - V_{\text{B}}$ is positive. When D is low, the output states reverse: B turns high, A becomes low, and V_{OD} is negative.

When DE is low, both outputs turn high-impedance. In this condition, the logic state at D is irrelevant. The DE pin has an internal pull-down resistor to ground, thus when left open the driver is disabled (high-impedance) by default. The D pin has an internal pull-up resistor to V_{CC} , thus, when left open while the driver is enabled, output A turns high and B turns low.

9.5 Device Functional Modes (continued)

Table 9-1. Driver Function Table

INPUT	ENABLE	OUTPUTS		FUNCTION
		A	B	
D	DE	A	B	
H	H	H	L	Actively drive bus high
L	H	L	H	Actively drive bus low
X	L	Z	Z	Driver disabled
X	OPEN	Z	Z	Driver disabled by default
OPEN	H	H	L	Actively drive bus high by default

When the receiver enable pin, \overline{RE} , is logic low, the receiver is enabled. When the differential input voltage defined as $V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$ is higher than the positive input threshold, V_{TH+} , the receiver output, R, turns high. When V_{ID} is lower than the negative input threshold, V_{TH-} , the receiver output, R, turns low. If V_{ID} is between V_{TH+} and V_{TH-} , the output is indeterminate.

When \overline{RE} is logic high or left open, the receiver output is high-impedance and the magnitude and polarity of V_{ID} are irrelevant. Internal biasing of the receiver inputs causes the output to go failsafe-high when the transceiver is disconnected from the bus (open-circuit), or the bus lines are shorted to one another (short-circuit), or the bus is not actively driven (idle bus).

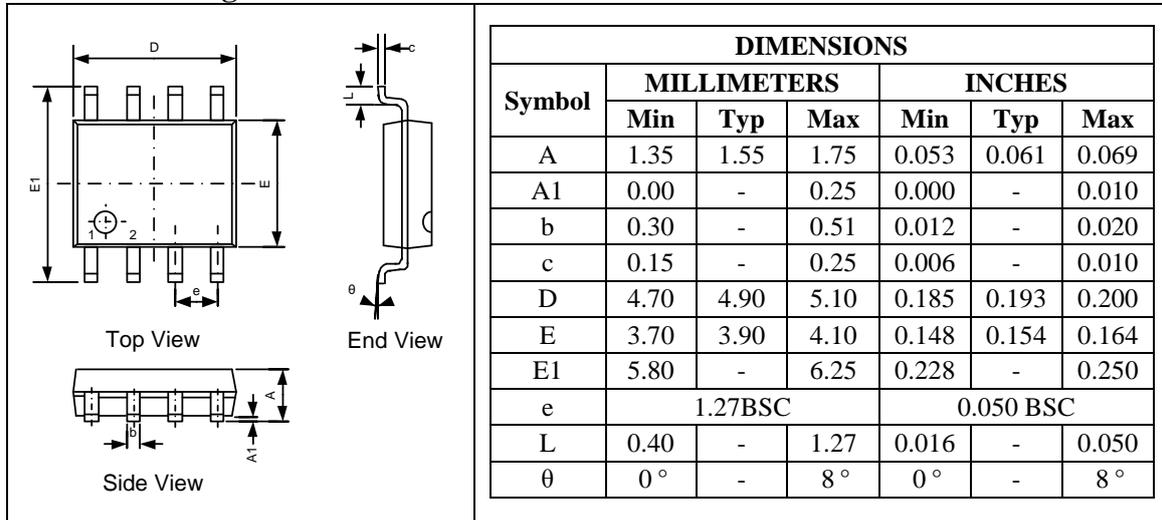
Table 9-2. Driver Function Table

DIFFERENTIAL INPUT	ENABLE	OUTPUTS	FUNCTION
$V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$	\overline{RE}	R	
$V_{TH+} < V_{ID}$	L	H	Receive valid bus high
$V_{TH-} < V_{ID} < V_{TH+}$	L	N/A	Indeterminate bus state
$V_{ID} < V_{TH-}$	L	L	Receive valid bus low
X	H	Z	Receiver disabled
X	OPEN	Z	Receiver disabled by default
Open-circuit bus	L	H	Fail-safe high output
Short-circuit bus	L	H	Fail-safe high output
Idle (terminated) bus	L	H	Fail-safe high output

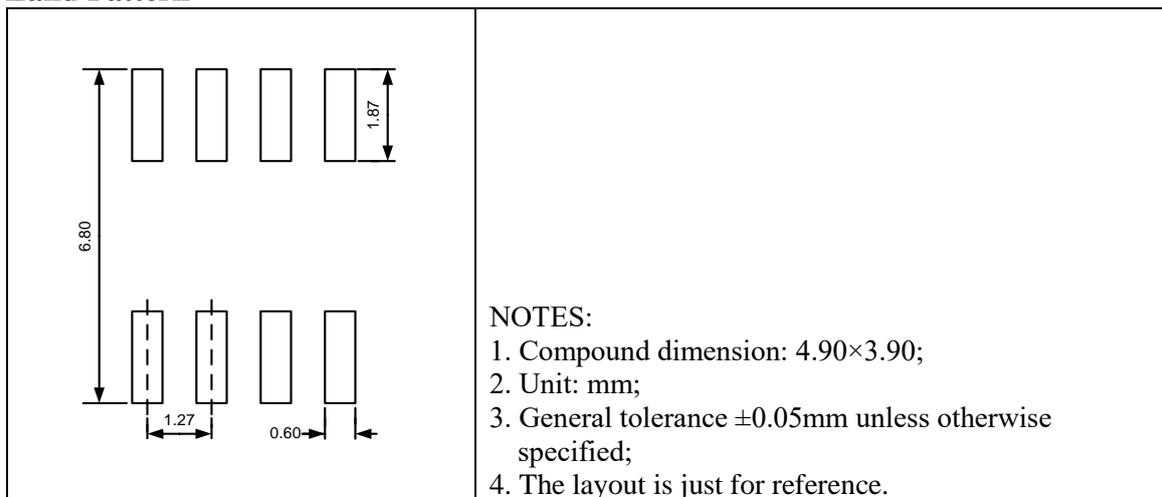
Package Information

SOP8

Outline Drawing

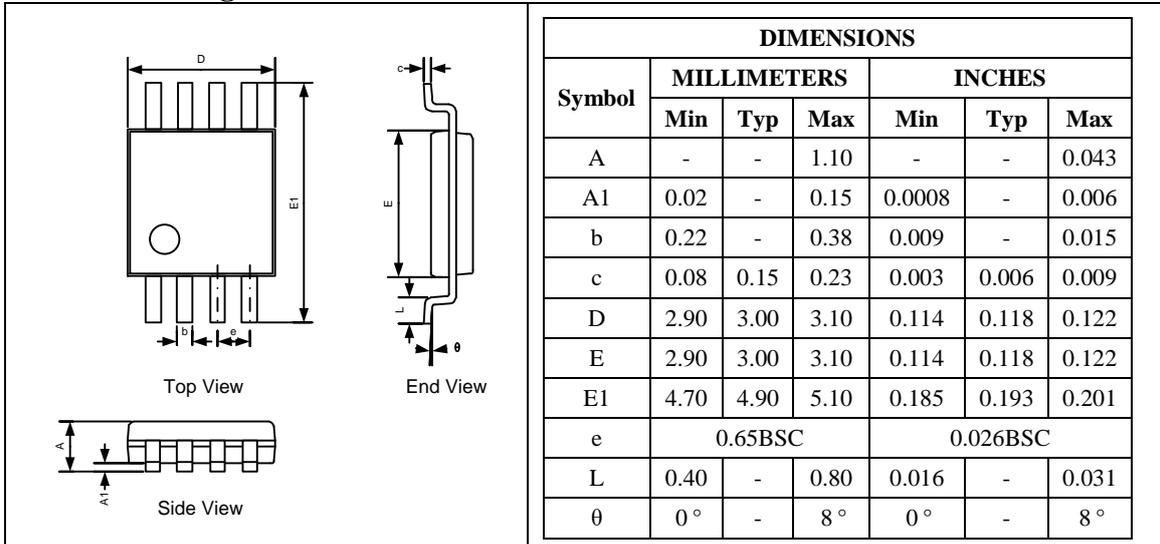


Land Pattern

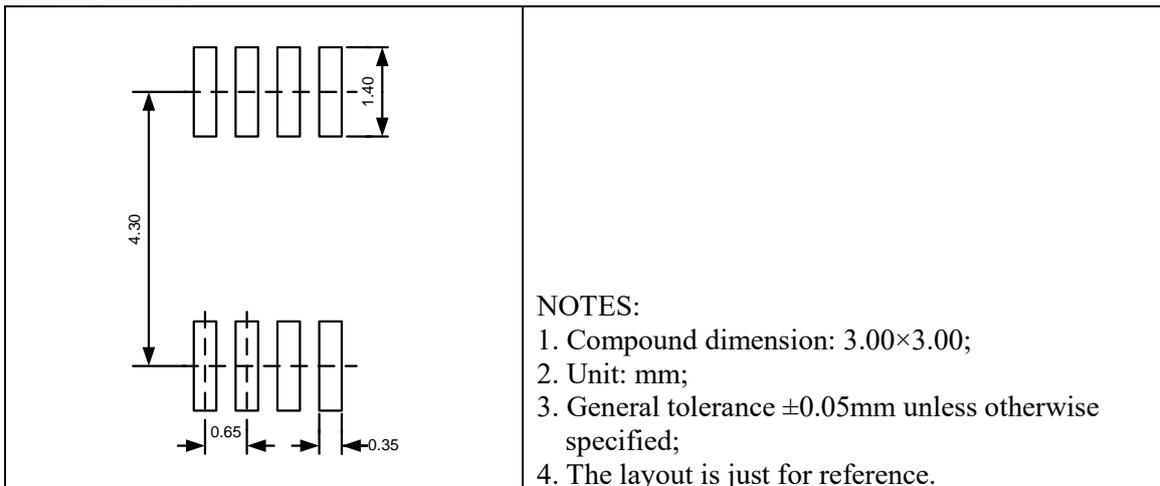


MSOP8

Outline Drawing

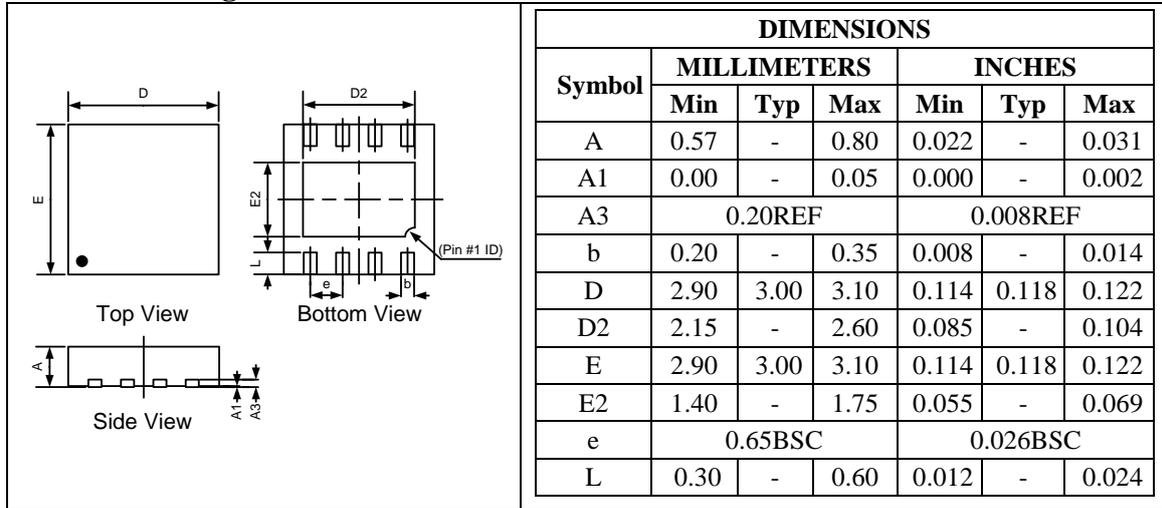


Land Pattern

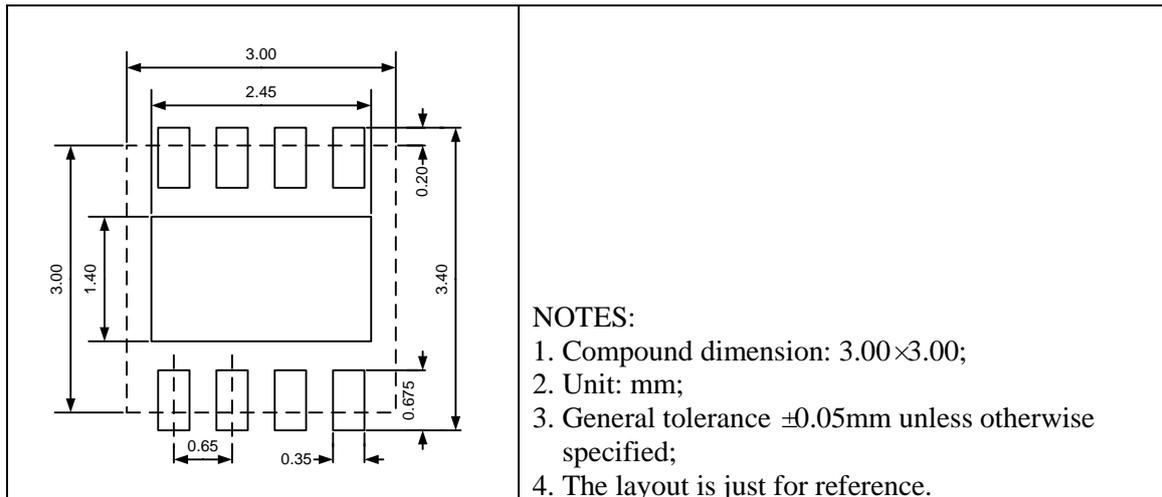


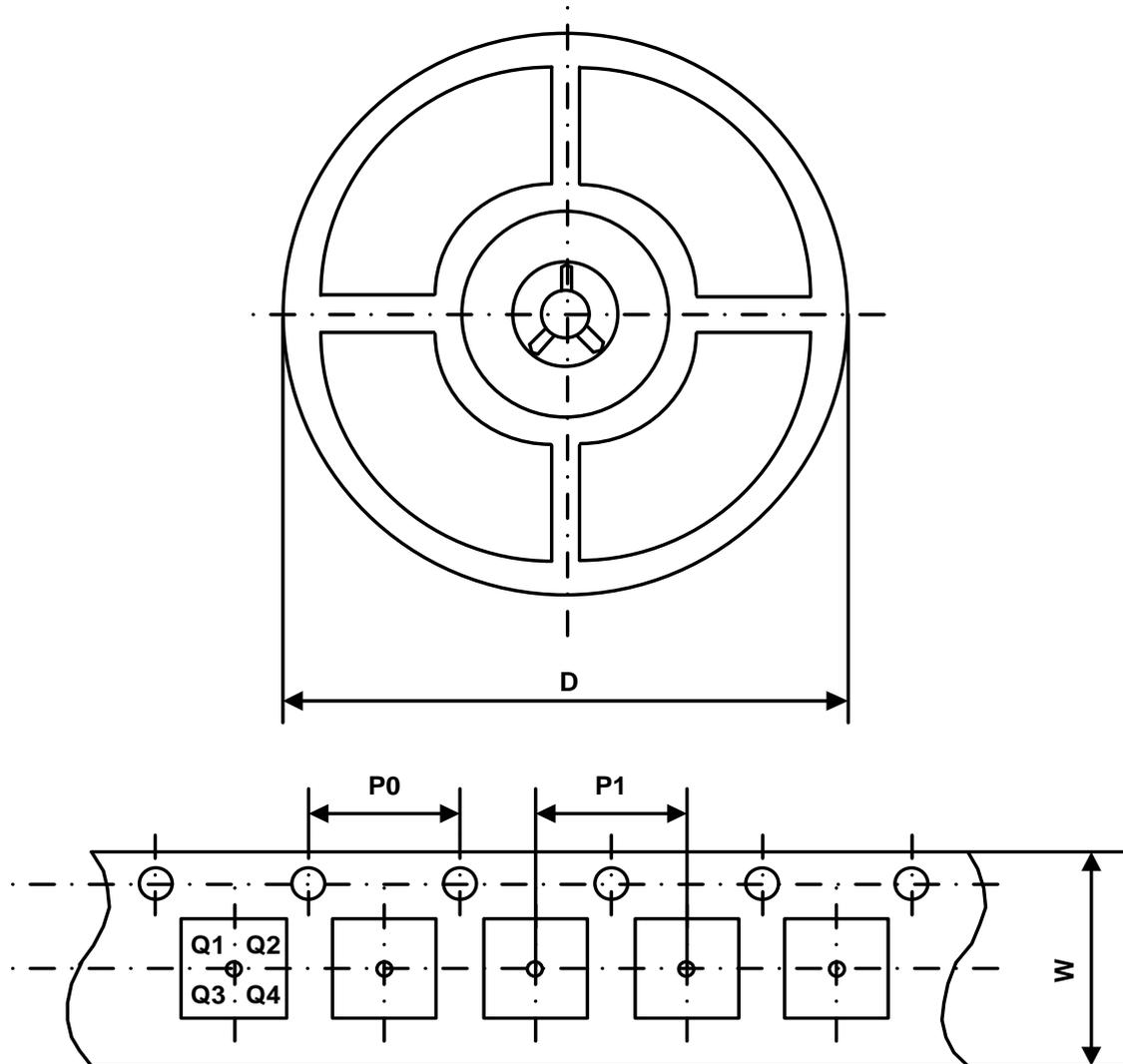
DFN8 3.0×3.0

Outline Drawing



Land Pattern



Packing Information


Part Number	Package Type	Carrier Width (W)	Pitch (P0)	Pitch (P1)	Reel Size (D)	PIN 1 Quadrant
UM3783S8	SOP8	12 mm	4 mm	8 mm	330 mm	Q1
UM3783M8	MSOP8	12 mm	4 mm	8 mm	330 mm	Q1
UM3783DF8	DFN8 3.0×3.0	12 mm	4 mm	8 mm	330 mm	Q1

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