

±8kV ESD 保护、失效保护、限摆率、 SOP8/DIP8/SOP14/DIP14封装RS-422收发器

描述

UM488/UM491是具有±8kV ESD保护的高速RS-485/RS-422收发器，每个器件包含一个驱动器和一个接收器。UM491包含一个额外的接收器和驱动器使能控制。这些器件具有失效保护电路，可在接收器输入开路或短路时确保接收器输出为逻辑高电平。这意味着如果端接总线上的所有发射器都被禁用（高阻抗），接收器输出将为逻辑高电平。UM488/UM491提供更高的驱动器输出摆率限制，支持高达2.5Mbps的传输速度。具有增强型ESD保护，所有发射器输出和接收器输入均能耐受±8kV的人体放电模型。

UM488/UM491收发器在空载时或满载且禁用驱动器时的典型电源电流消耗为600μA。

UM488/UM491具有1/8单位负载接收器输入阻抗，支持总线连接多达256个收发器。UM488/UM491适用于全双工通信。

应用

- RS-422 通信
- 电平转换器
- 用于 EMI 敏感应用的收发器
- 工业控制局域网

特性

- RS-422 I/O 引脚具有 ESD 保护
 - ±8kV，人体放电模型
- 真正的故障安全接收器，同时符合 EIA/TIA-422 标准
- 增强型摆率限制有助于实现无误码数据传输
- 1nA 低电流关断模式(UM491)
- 支持总线连接多达 256 个节点

选型指南

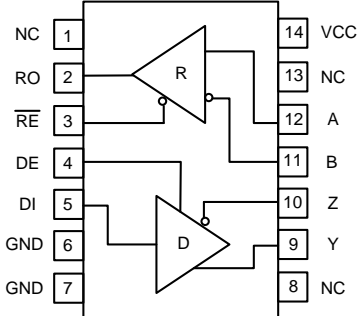
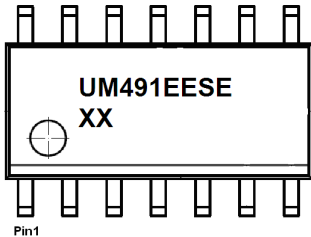
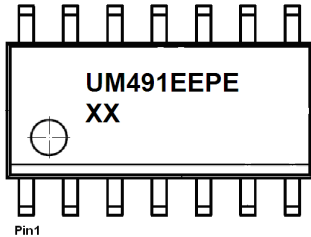
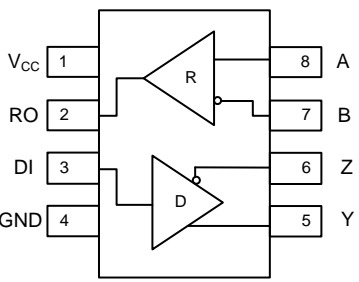
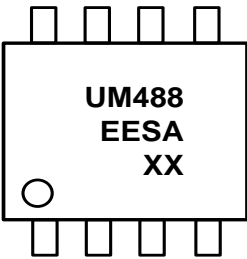
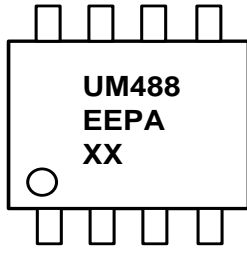
Part Number	Half/Full Duplex	Data Rate (Mbps)	Slew-Rate Limited	Low-Power Shutdown	Receiver/Driver Enable	Quiescent Current (μA)	Transceivers on Bus	Pin Count
UM488	Full	2.5	Yes	No	No	600	256	8
UM491	Full	2.5	Yes	Yes	Yes	600	256	14

订购信息

Part Number	Temperature Range	Packaging Type	Shipping Qty
UM488EESA	-40 °C to +85 °C	SOP8	3000pcs/13 Inch Tape & Reel
UM488EEPA	-40 °C to +85 °C	DIP8	50pcs/Tube
UM491EESE	-40 °C to +85 °C	SOP14	2500pcs/13 Inch Tape & Reel
UM491EEPE	-40 °C to +85 °C	DIP14	25pcs/Tube

Pin Configurations

Top View

	 <p>XX: Week Code UM491EESE SOP14</p>	 <p>XX: Week Code UM491EEPE DIP14</p>
	 <p>XX: Week Code UM488EESA SOP8</p>	 <p>XX: Week Code UM488EEPA DIP8</p>

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	+7	V
	Control Input Voltage (RE, DE)	-0.3V to ($V_{CC}+0.3V$)	V
	Driver Input Voltage (DI)	-0.3V to ($V_{CC}+0.3V$)	V
	Driver Output Voltage (A, B, Y, Z)	-7.5 to +12.5	V
	Receiver Input Voltage (A, B)	-7.5 to +12.5	V
	Receiver Output Voltage (RO)	-0.3V to ($V_{CC}+0.3V$)	V
P_D	8-Pin SOP (derate 9.09mW/ °C above +70 °C)	520	mW
	8-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/ °C above +70 °C)	727	
	14-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 10.0mW/ °C above +70 °C)	800	
	14-Pin SOP (derate 8.33mW/ °C above +70 °C)	667	
T_A	Ambient Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
T_L	Lead Temperature for Soldering 10 Seconds	+300	°C

DC Electrical Characteristics

($V_{CC}=+5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A=T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC}=+5V$ and $T_A=+25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.) (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DRIVER							
Differential Driver Output (No Load)	V _{OD1}	Figure 3				5	V
Differential Driver Output	V _{OD2}	Figure 3, R=50Ω		2.0			V
Change-in-Magnitude of Differential Output Voltage (Note 2)	ΔV _{OD}	Figure 3, R=50Ω				0.2	V
Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage	V _{OC}	Figure 3, R=50Ω				3.0	V
Change-in-Magnitude of Common-Mode Voltage (Note 2)	ΔV _{OC}	Figure 3, R=50Ω				0.2	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	DE, DI, \overline{RE}		0.7V _{CC}			V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	DE, DI, \overline{RE}				0.3V _{CC}	V
DI Input Hysteresis	V _{HYS}				100		mV
Input Current (A and B)	I _{IN}	DE=GND, V _{CC} =GND or 5.25V	V _{IN} =12V			125	μA
			V _{IN} =-7V			-75	
Output Leakage (Y and Z)	I _O	DE=GND, V _{CC} =GND or 5.25V	V _{IN} =12V			125	μA
			V _{IN} =-7V	-100			
Driver Short-Circuit Output Current (Note 3)	I _{OSD}	-7V≤V _{OUT} ≤V _{CC}		-250			mA
		0V≤V _{OUT} ≤12V				250	
		0V≤V _{OUT} ≤V _{CC}		±25			

DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

($V_{CC}=+5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A=T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC}=+5V$ and $T_A=+25^\circ C$.) (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
RECEIVER							
Receiver Differential Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	-7V≤V _{CM} ≤12V	-200	-125	-50	mV	
Receiver Input Hysteresis	ΔV _{TH}			25		mV	
Receiver Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _O =-4mA, V _{ID} =-50mV	V _{CC} -1.5			V	
Receiver Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _O =4mA, V _{ID} =-200mV			0.4	V	
Three-State Output Current at Receiver	I _{OZR}	0.4V≤V _O ≤2.4V			±1	μA	
Receiver Input Resistance	R _{IN}	-7V≤V _{CM} ≤12V	96			kΩ	
Receiver Output Short Circuit Current	I _{OSR}	0V≤V _{RO} ≤V _{CC}	±7		±95	mA	
SUPPLY CURRENT							
Supply Current	I _{CC}	No Load, DI= 0V or V _{CC}	DE=V _{CC} , RE=0V or V _{CC}		600	900	μA
			DE=0V, RE=0V		600	900	
Supply Current in Shutdown Mode	I _{SHDN}	DE=0V, RE=V _{CC} , DI =0V or V _{CC}			0.001	10	μA
ESD Protection for Y, Z, A, B		Human Body Model			±8		kV

Note 1: All currents into the device are positive; all currents out of the device are negative. All voltages are referred to device ground unless otherwise noted.

Note 2: ΔV_{OD} and ΔV_{OC} are the changes in V_{OD} and V_{OC} , respectively, when the DI input changes state.

Note 3: Maximum current level applies to peak current just prior to foldback-current limiting; minimum current level applies during current limiting.

Switching Characteristics

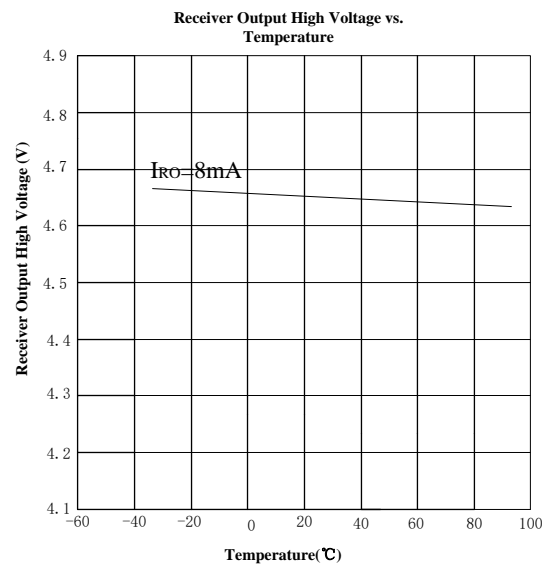
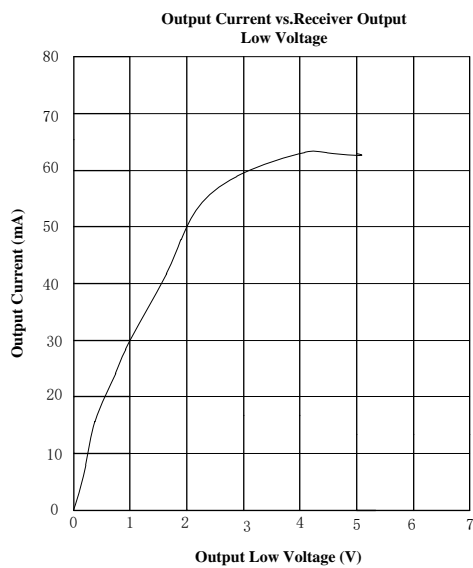
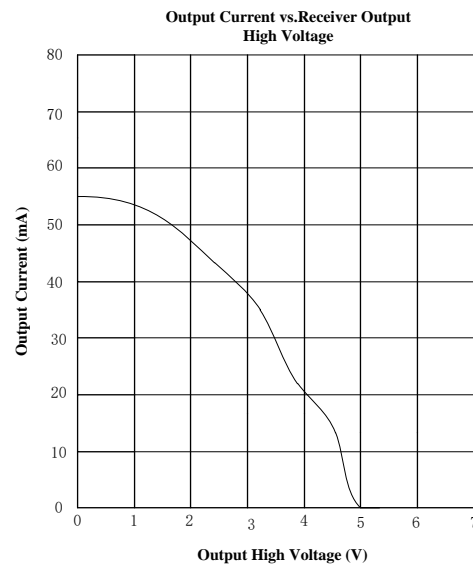
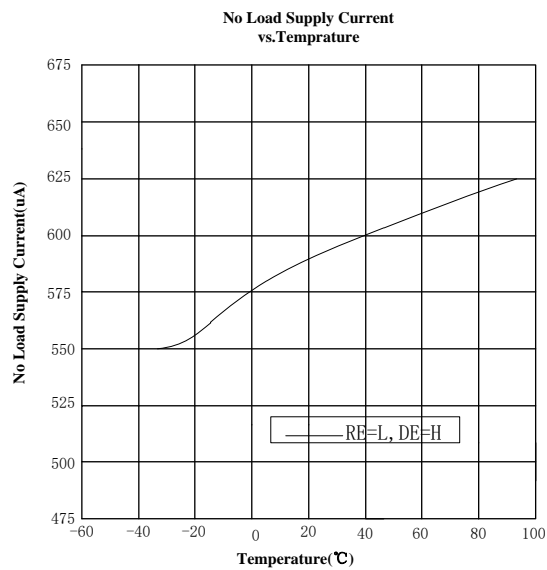
($V_{CC}=+5V \pm 5\%$, $T_A=T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC}=+5V$ and $T_A=+25^\circ C$.)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Driver Input-to-Output	t_{DPLH}	Figures 5 and 7, $R_{DIFF}=54\Omega$, $C_{L1}=C_{L2}=100pF$	10	30	60	ns
	t_{DPHL}		10	30	60	
Driver Output Skew $ t_{DPLH} - t_{DPHL} $	t_{DSKEW}	Figures 5 and 7, $R_{DIFF}=54\Omega$, $C_{L1}=C_{L2}=100pF$		5	10	ns
Driver Rise or Fall Time	t_{DR}, t_{DF}	Figures 5 and 7, $R_{DIFF}=54\Omega$, $C_{L1}=C_{L2}=100pF$	5	15	25	ns
Maximum Data Rate	f_{MAX}		2.5			Mbps
Driver Enable to Output High	t_{DZH}	Figures 6 and 8, $C_L=100pF$, S2 Closed		40	70	ns
Driver Enable to Output Low	t_{DZL}	Figures 6 and 8, $C_L=100pF$, S1 Closed		40	70	ns
Driver Disable Time from Low	t_{DLZ}	Figures 6 and 8, $C_L=15pF$, S1 Closed		40	70	ns
Driver Disable Time from High	t_{DHZ}	Figures 6 and 8, $C_L=15pF$, S2 Closed		40	70	ns
Receiver Input to Output	t_{RPLH}, t_{RPHL}	Figures 9 and 11; $ V_{ID} \geq 2.0V$; Rise and Fall Time of $V_{ID} \leq 15ns$	20	90	150	ns
$ t_{RPLH} - t_{RPHL} $ Differential Receiver Skew	t_{RSKD}	Figures 9 and 11; $ V_{ID} \geq 2.0V$; Rise and Fall Time of $V_{ID} \leq 15ns$		13		ns
Receiver Enable to Output Low	t_{RZL}	Figures 4 and 10, $C_L=15pF$, S1 Closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Enable to Output High	t_{RZH}	Figures 4 and 10, $C_L=15pF$, S2 Closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Disable Time from Low	t_{RLZ}	Figures 4 and 10, $C_L=15pF$, S1 Closed		20	50	ns
Receiver Disable Time from High	t_{RHZ}	Figures 4 and 10, $C_L=15pF$, S2 Closed		20	50	ns
Time to Shutdown	t_{SHDN}	(Note 4)	50	200	600	ns
Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output High	$t_{DZH(SHDN)}$	Figures 6 and 8, $C_L=100pF$, S2 Closed		3	4	μs
Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output Low	$t_{DZL(SHDN)}$	Figures 6 and 8, $C_L=100pF$, S1 Closed		3	4	μs
Receiver Enable from Shutdown- to-Output High	$t_{RZH(SHDN)}$	Figures 4 and 10, $C_L=15pF$, S2 Closed		3	4	μs
Receiver Enable from Shutdown- to-Output Low	$t_{RZL(SHDN)}$	Figures 4 and 10, $C_L=15pF$, S1 Closed		3	4	μs

Note 4: The device is put into shutdown by bringing \overline{RE} high and DE low. If the enable inputs are in this state for less than 50ns, the device is guaranteed not to enter shutdown. If the enable inputs are in this state for at least 600ns, the device is guaranteed to have entered shutdown.

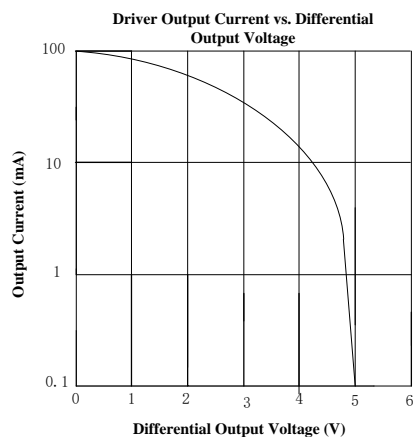
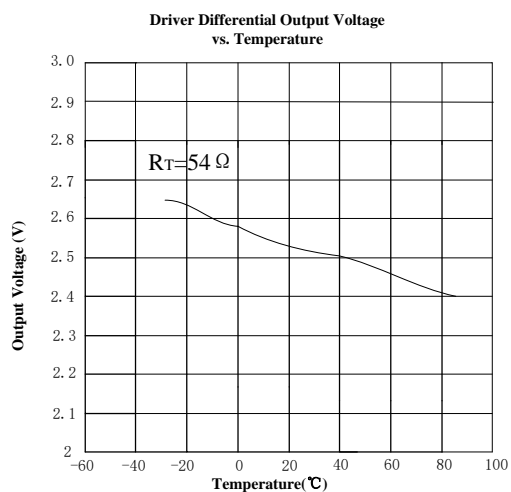
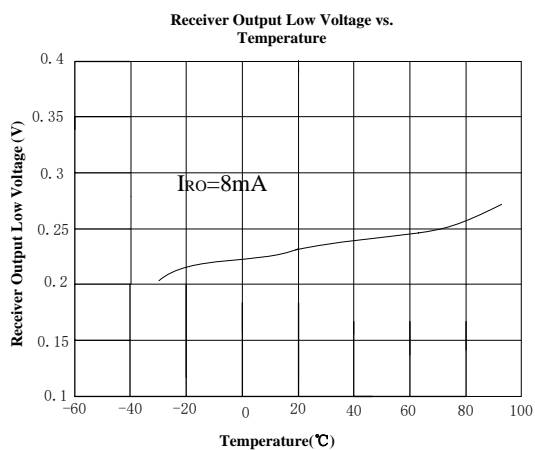
Typical Operating Characteristics

($V_{CC}=+5V$, $T_A=+25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



Typical Operating Characteristics (Continued)

($V_{CC}=+5V$, $T_A=+25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



Pin Description

Symbol	Pin Number		Function
	UM488	UM491	
NC	-	1	Not Connected
RO	2	2	Receiver Output. When \overline{RE} is low and if $A-B \geq -50mV$, RO will be high; if $A-B \leq -200mV$, RO will be low.
\overline{RE}	-	3	Receiver Output Enable. Drive \overline{RE} low to enable RO; RO is high impedance when \overline{RE} is high. Drive \overline{RE} high and DE low to enter low-power shutdown mode.
DE	-	4	Driver Output Enable. Drive DE high to enable driver outputs. These outputs are high impedance when DE is low. Drive \overline{RE} high and DE low to enter low-power shutdown mode.
DI	3	5	Driver Input. With DE high, a low on DI forces non-inverting output low and inverting output high. Similarly, a high on DI forces non-inverting output high and inverting output low.
GND	4	6	Ground
GND	4	7	Ground
NC	-	8	Not Connected
Y	5	9	Non-Inverting Driver Output
Z	6	10	Inverting Driver Output
B	7	11	Inverting Receiver Input
A	8	12	Non-Inverting Receiver Input
NC	-	13	Not Connected
VCC	1	14	Positive Supply $4.75V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.25V$

Functions Tables

TRANSMITTING				
INPUTS			OUTPUTS	
\overline{RE}	DE	DI	Z	Y
X	1	1	0	1
X	1	0	1	0
0	0	X	High-Z	High-Z
1	0	X	Shutdown	

RECEIVING			
INPUTS			OUTPUT
\overline{RE}	DE	A-B	RO
0	X	$\geq -0.05V$	1
0	X	$\leq -0.2V$	0
0	X	Open/Short	1
1	1	X	High-Z
1	0	X	Shutdown

Typical Operating Circuit

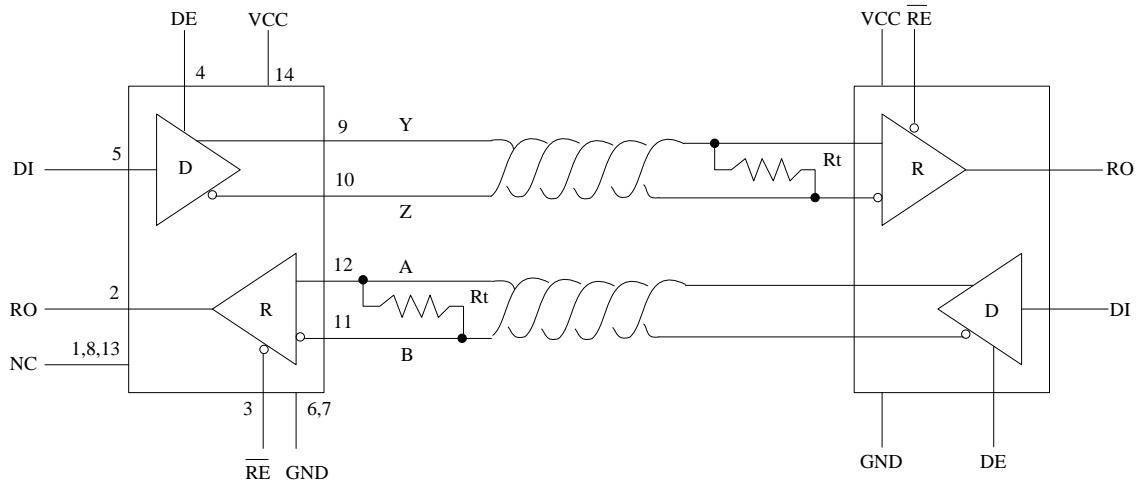


Figure 1: UM491 Pin Configuration and Typical Full-Duplex Operating Circuit

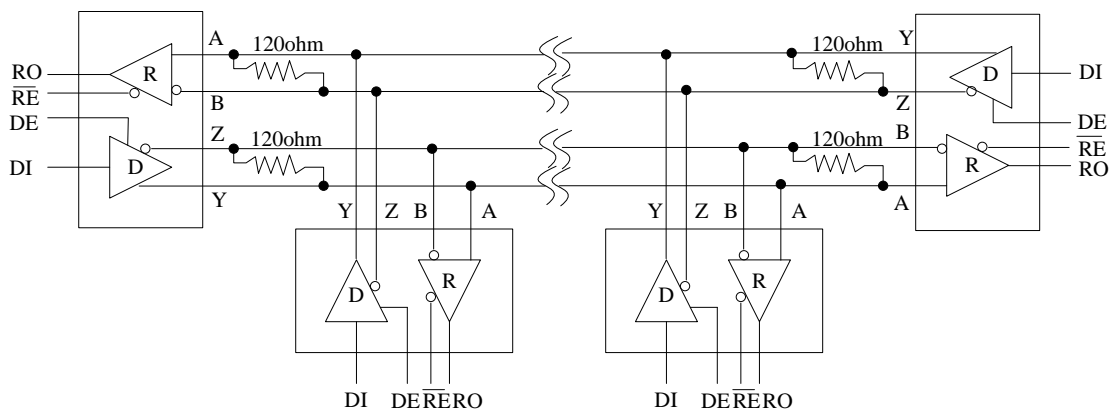


Figure 2: Typical Full-Duplex RS-422 Network

Detailed Description

The UM488/UM491 high-speed transceivers for RS-422 communication contain one driver and one receiver. The device features fail-safe circuitry, which guarantees a logic-high receiver output when the receiver inputs are open or shorted, or when they are connected to a terminated transmission line with all drivers disabled.

The UM488/UM491 offer higher driver output slew-rate limits, allowing transmit speeds up to 2.5Mbps.

The UM488/UM491 is full-duplex transceiver. It operates from a single +5V supply. Drivers are output short-circuit current limited. Thermal shutdown circuitry protects drivers against excessive power dissipation. When activated, the thermal shutdown circuitry places the driver outputs into a high-impedance state.

Receiver Input Filtering

The receivers of the UM488/UM491 incorporate input filtering in addition to input hysteresis. This filtering enhances noise immunity with differential signals that have very slow rise and fall times. Receiver propagation delay increases by 20% due to this filtering.

Fail-Safe

The UM488/UM491 guarantees a logic-high receiver output when the receiver inputs are shorted or open, or when they are connected to a terminated transmission line with all drivers disabled. This is done by setting the receiver threshold between -50mV and -200mV. If the differential receiver input voltage (A-B) is greater than or equal to -50mV, RO is logic high. If A-B is less than or equal to -200mV, RO is logic low. In the case of a terminated bus with all transmitters disabled, the receiver's differential input voltage is pulled to 0V by the termination. With the receiver thresholds of the UM488/UM491, this results in a logic high with a 50mV minimum noise margin. Unlike previous fail-safe devices, the -50mV to -200mV threshold complies with the $\pm 200\text{mV}$ EIA/TIA-422 standard.

$\pm 8\text{kV}$ ESD Protection

As with all Union devices, ESD-protection structures are incorporated on all pins to protect against electrostatic discharges encountered during handling and assembly. The driver outputs and receiver inputs of the UM488/UM491 have extra protection against static electricity. Union's engineers have developed state-of-the-art structures to protect these pins against ESD of $\pm 8\text{kV}$ without damage.

The ESD-protected pins are tested with reference to the ground pin in a powered-down condition. They are tested to $\pm 8\text{kV}$ using the Human Body Model.

Test Circuit

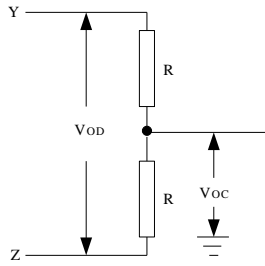


Figure 3. Driver DC Test Load

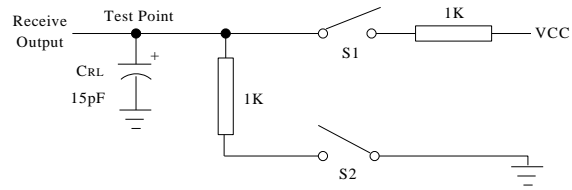


Figure 4. Receiver Enable/Disable Timing Test Load

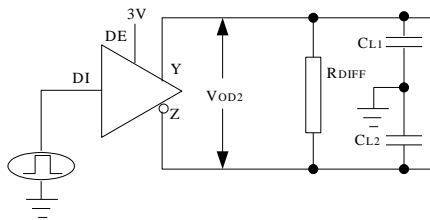


Figure 5. Driver Timing Test Circuit

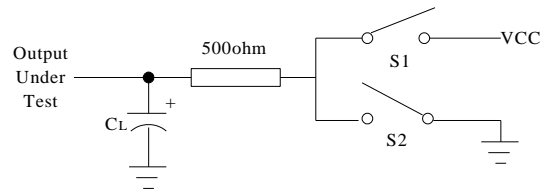


Figure 6. Driver Enable and Disable Timing Test Load

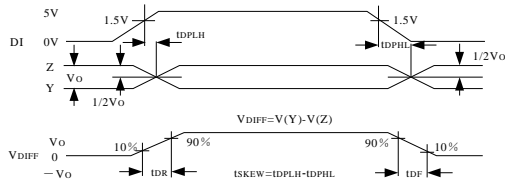


Figure 7. Driver Propagation Delays

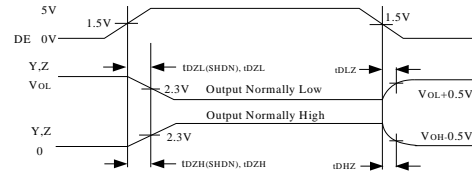


Figure 8. Driver Enable and Disable Times

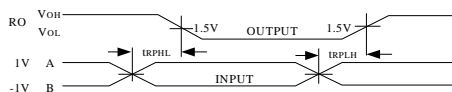


Figure 9. Receiver Propagation Delays

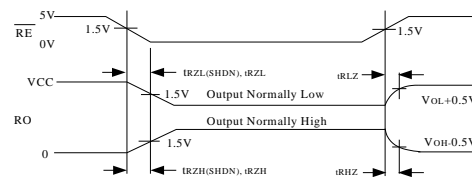


Figure 10. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

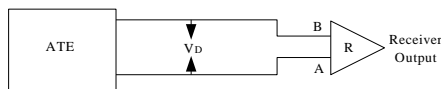


Figure 11. Receiver Propagation Delay Test Circuit

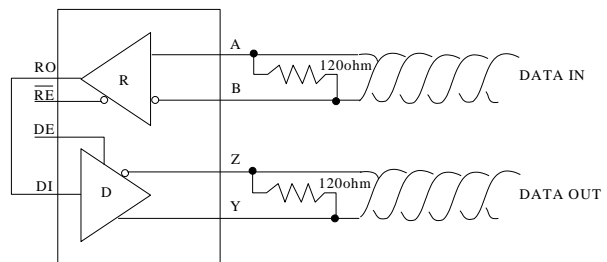


Figure 12. Line Repeater

Applications Information

256 Transceivers on the Bus

The standard RS-422 receiver input impedance is 12k Ω (one-unit load), and the standard driver can drive up to 32 unit loads. The UM491 has a 1/8-unit-load receiver input impedance (96k Ω), allowing up to 256 transceivers to be connected in parallel on one communication line. Any combination of these devices and/or other RS-422 transceivers with a total of 32 unit loads or less can be connected to the line.

Reduced EMI and Reflections

The UM488/UM491 is slew-rate limited, minimizing EMI and reducing reflections caused by improperly terminated cables. Its high-frequency harmonic components are much lower in amplitude, and the potential for EMI is significantly reduced.

In general, a transmitter's rise time relates directly to the length of an unterminated stub, which can be driven with only minor waveform reflections. The following equation expresses this relationship conservatively:

$$\text{Length} = t_{\text{RISE}} / (10 \times 1.5\text{ns/ft})$$

where t_{RISE} is the transmitter's rise time.

Low-Power Shutdown Mode (UM491)

Low-power shutdown mode is initiated by bringing both $\overline{\text{RE}}$ high and DE low. In shutdown, the devices typically draw only 1nA of supply current. $\overline{\text{RE}}$ and DE may be driven simultaneously; the parts are guaranteed not to enter shutdown if $\overline{\text{RE}}$ is high and DE is low for less than 50ns. If the inputs are in this state for at least 600ns, the parts are guaranteed to enter shutdown.

Enable times t_{ZH} and t_{ZL} in the Switching Characteristics tables assume the part was not in a low-power shutdown state. Enable times $t_{\text{ZH(SHDN)}}$ and $t_{\text{ZL(SHDN)}}$ assume the parts were shut down. It takes drivers and receivers longer to become enabled from low-power shutdown mode ($t_{\text{ZH(SHDN)}}$, $t_{\text{ZL(SHDN)}}$) than from driver/receiver-disable mode (t_{ZH} , t_{ZL}).

Driver Output Protection

Two mechanisms prevent excessive output current and power dissipation caused by faults or by bus contention. The first, a foldback current limit on the output stage, provides immediate protection against short circuits over the whole common-mode voltage range. The second, a thermal shutdown circuit, forces the driver outputs into a high-impedance state if the die temperature becomes excessive.

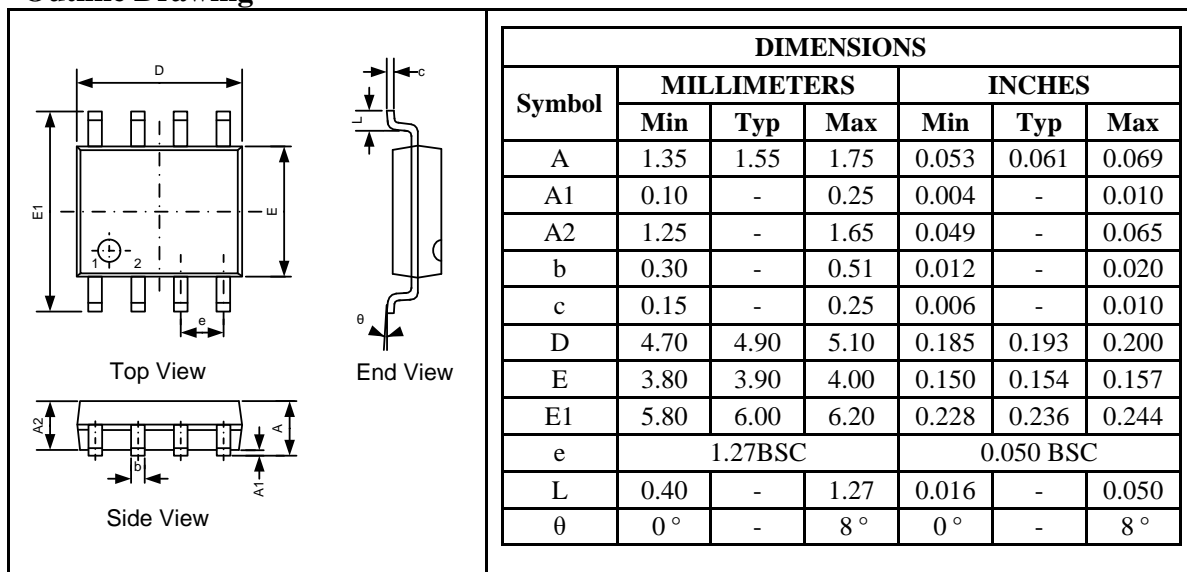
Line Length vs. Data Rate

The RS-422 standard covers line lengths up to 4000 feet. For line lengths greater than 4000 feet, use the repeater application shown in Figure 12.

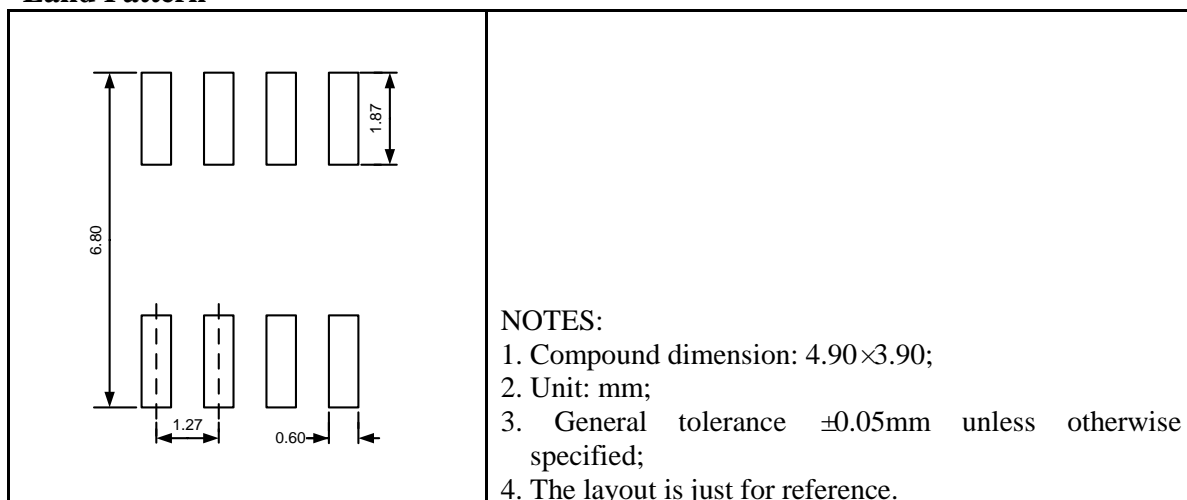
Package Information

UM488EESA SOP8

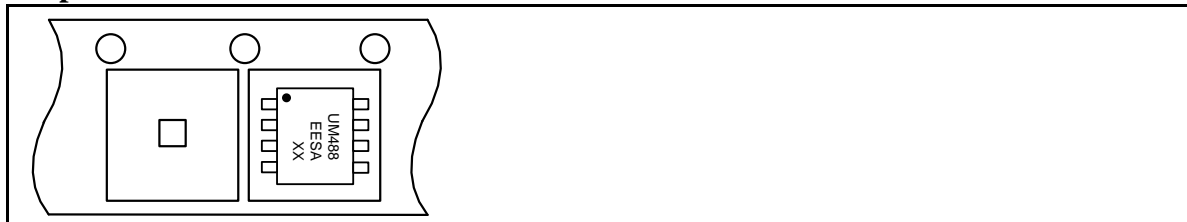
Outline Drawing



Land Pattern

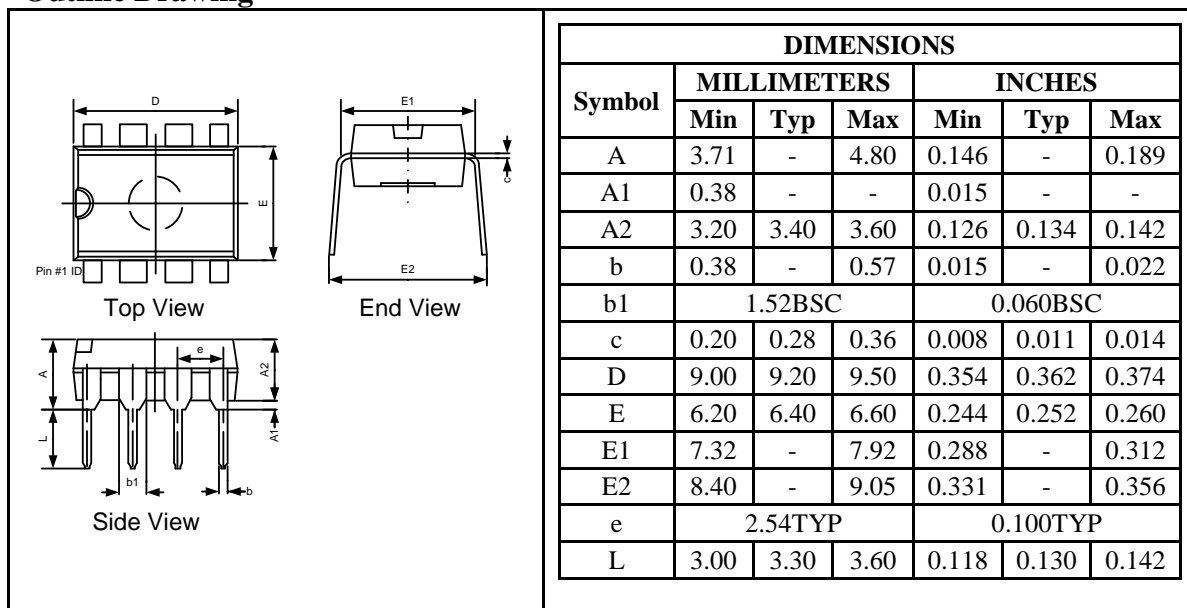


Tape and Reel Orientation

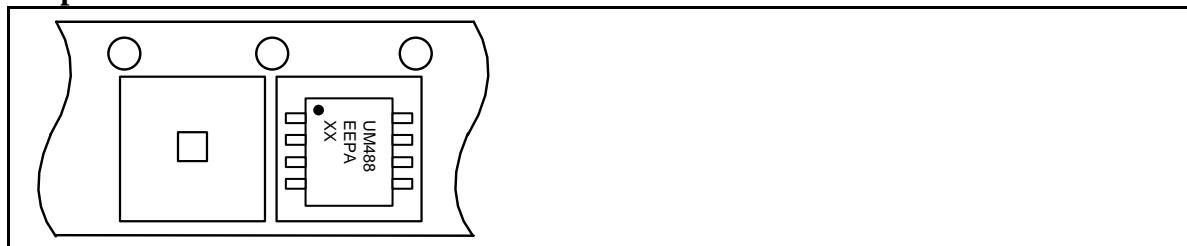


UM488EEPA DIP8

Outline Drawing

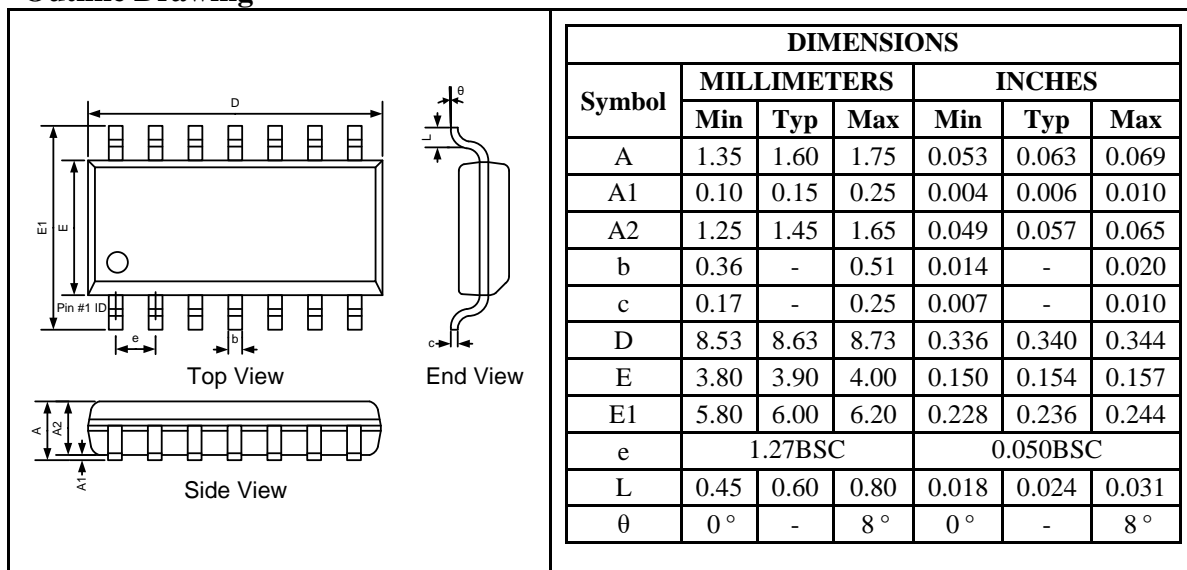


Tape and Reel Orientation

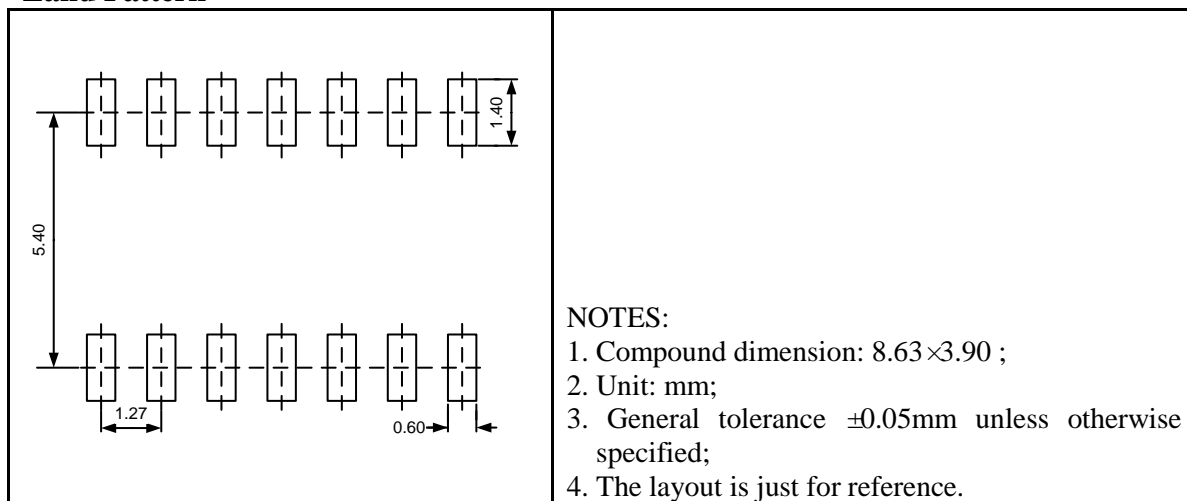


UM491EESE SOP14

Outline Drawing



Land Pattern



Tape and Reel Orientation

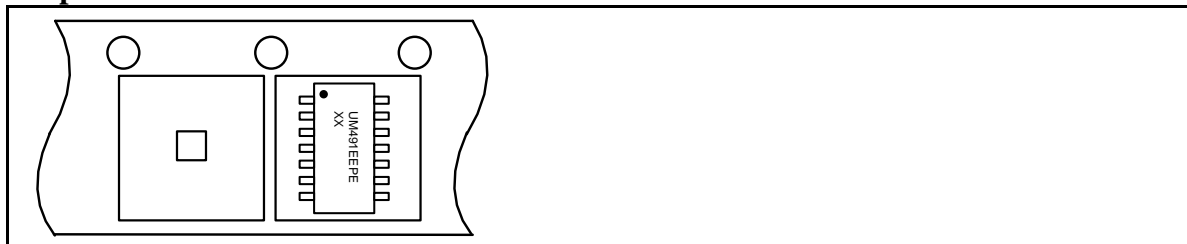


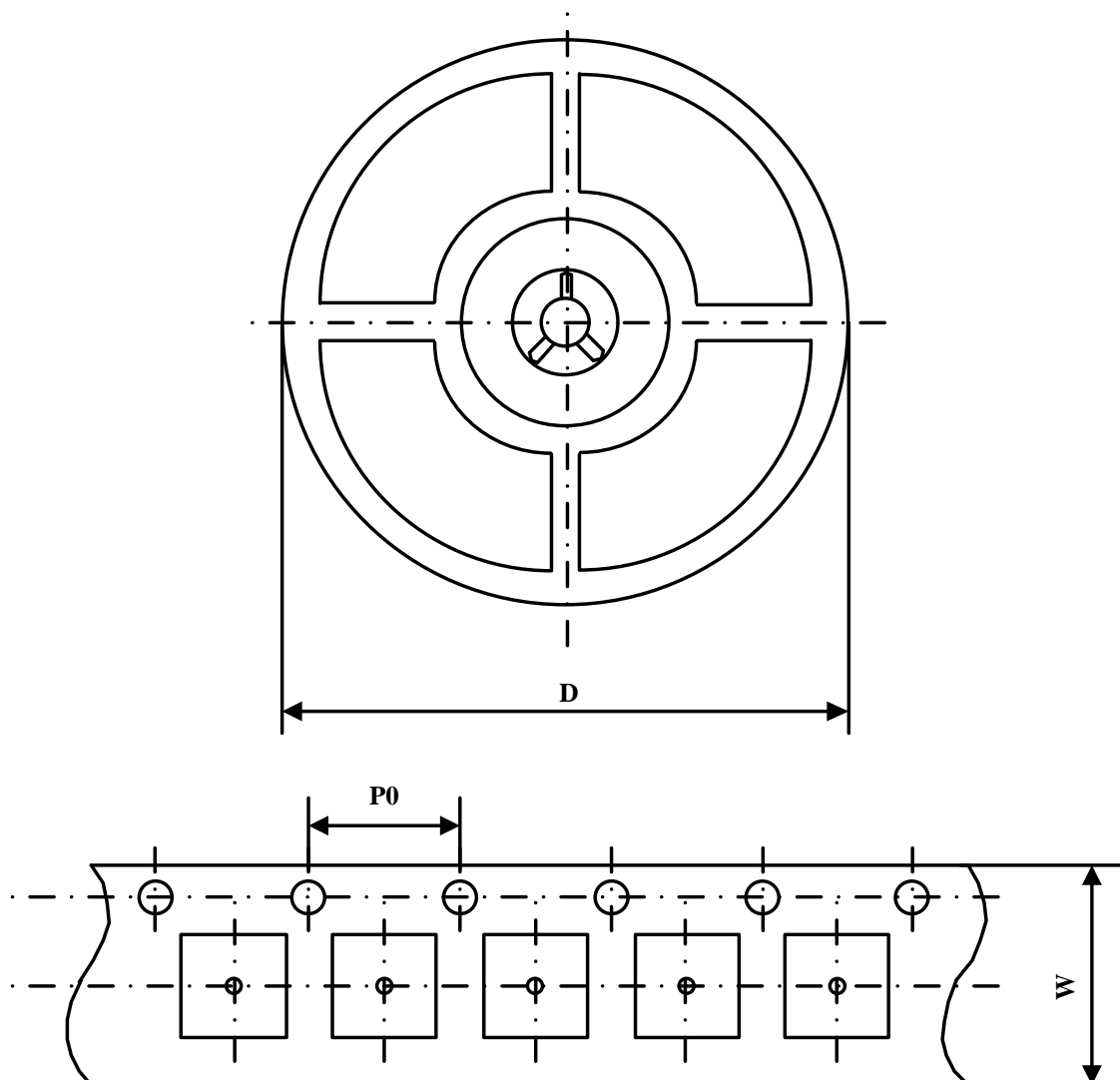
UM491EEPE DIP14

Outline Drawing

DIMENSIONS						
Symbol	MILLIMETERS			INCHES		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	3.71	-	4.80	0.146	-	0.189
A1	0.50	-	-	0.020	-	-
A2	3.05	-	3.60	0.120	-	0.142
b	0.38	-	0.57	0.015	-	0.022
b1	1.52BSC			0.060BSC		
c	0.20	-	0.36	0.008	-	0.014
D	18.80	-	19.40	0.740	-	0.764
E	6.20	6.40	6.60	0.244	0.252	0.260
E1	7.32	-	8.25	0.288	-	0.325
E2	7.62	-	10.90	0.300	-	0.429
e	2.54BSC			0.100BSC		
L	2.92	3.30	3.81	0.115	0.130	0.150

Tape and Reel Orientation



Packing Information


Part Number	Package Type	Carrier Width(W)	Pitch(P0)	Reel Size(D)
UM488EESA	SOP8	12 mm	4 mm	330 mm
UM491EESE	SOP14	16 mm	4 mm	330 mm

GREEN COMPLIANCE

Union Semiconductor is committed to environmental excellence in all aspects of its operations including meeting or exceeding regulatory requirements with respect to the use of hazardous substances. Numerous successful programs have been implemented to reduce the use of hazardous substances and/or emissions.

All Union components are compliant with the RoHS directive, which helps to support customers in their compliance with environmental directives. For more green compliance information, please visit:

http://www.union-ic.com/index.aspx?cat_code=RoHSDeclaration

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